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Yb:CaF₂ Diode-Pumped Regenerative Amplifier: Study and Optimization of Pulse Duration Versus Repetition Rate

S. Ricaud^{1,4}, F. Druon¹, D. N. Papadopoulos^{1,2}, P. Camy³,
J. L. Doualan³, R. Moncorgé³, M. Delaigue⁴, Y. Zaouter⁴,
A. Courjaud⁴, P. Georges¹ and E. Mottay⁴

¹ Laboratoire Charles Fabry de l'Institut d'Optique (LCFO), Palaiseau, France

² Institut de la Lumière Extrême (ILE), Palaiseau, France

³ Centre de recherche sur les Ions, les Matériaux et la Photonique (CIMAP), Caen, France

⁴ Amplitude Systèmes, Pessac, France

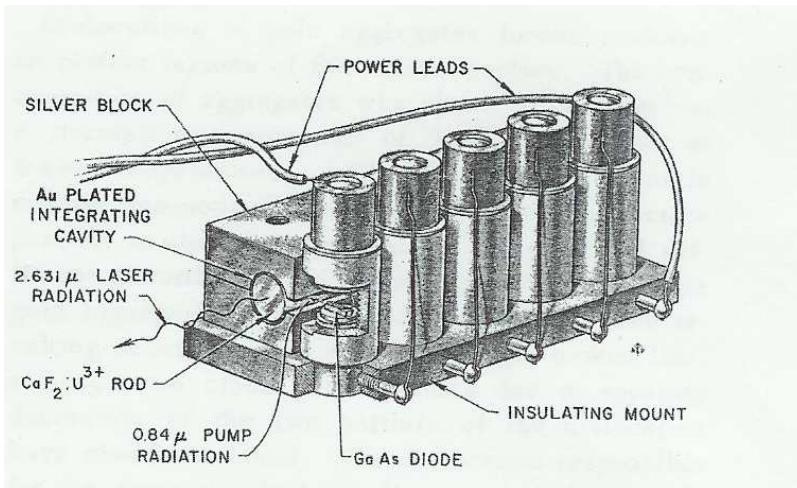
dimitris.papadopoulos@institutoptique.fr

ICUIL, Watkins Glen, 26th September-1st October 2010

- **Yb³⁺:CaF₂ crystal**
 - Spectroscopy
 - Thermal properties
- **Ultrashort amplifier**
 - Experimental setup
 - Q-switch regime
 - Regenerative amplifier configuration
- **Conclusion**

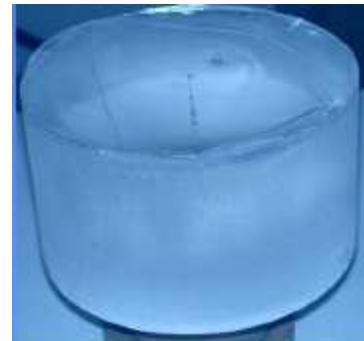
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First ceramic and diode-pumped solid-state lasers were based on CaF_2 host matrix !!!



(Artist representation)

Doped Yb: CaF_2 up to $\phi 200$ mm
(Korth GmbH)



→ S.E. Hatch, et al.
“Hot-pressed polycrystalline $\text{CaF}_2:\text{Dy}^{2+}$ laser”
Appl. Phys. Lett. 5 pp 153-154. (1964)

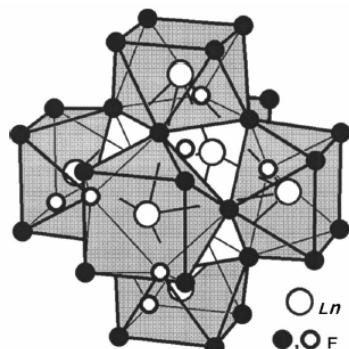
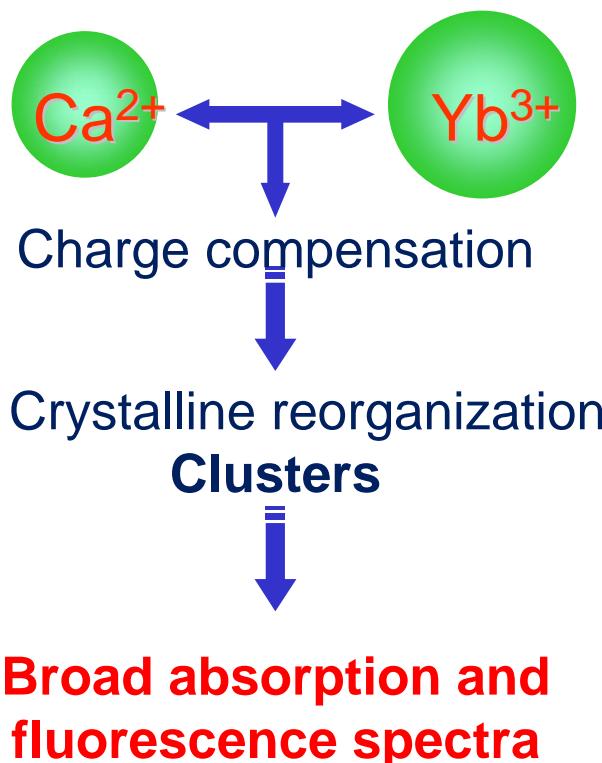
→ R. J. Keyes, et al.
“Injection Luminescent pumping of $\text{CaF}_2:\text{U}^{3+}$ with GaAs diode lasers”
Appl. Phys. Lett. 4 pp 50-51. (1964).

→ V. Petit, et al.
“CW and tunable laser operation of Yb^{3+} doped CaF_2 ”
Appl. Phys. B (2004).

→ M. Siebold, et al.
“Yb: CaF_2 – A New Old Laser Material”
Appl. Phys. B (2009).

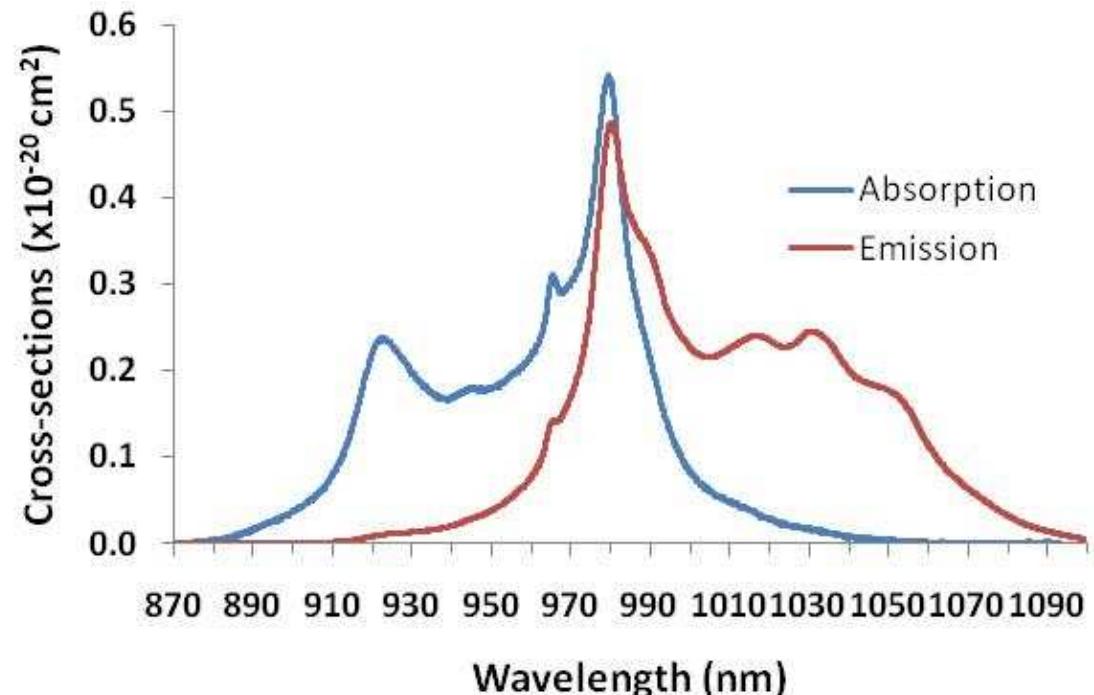


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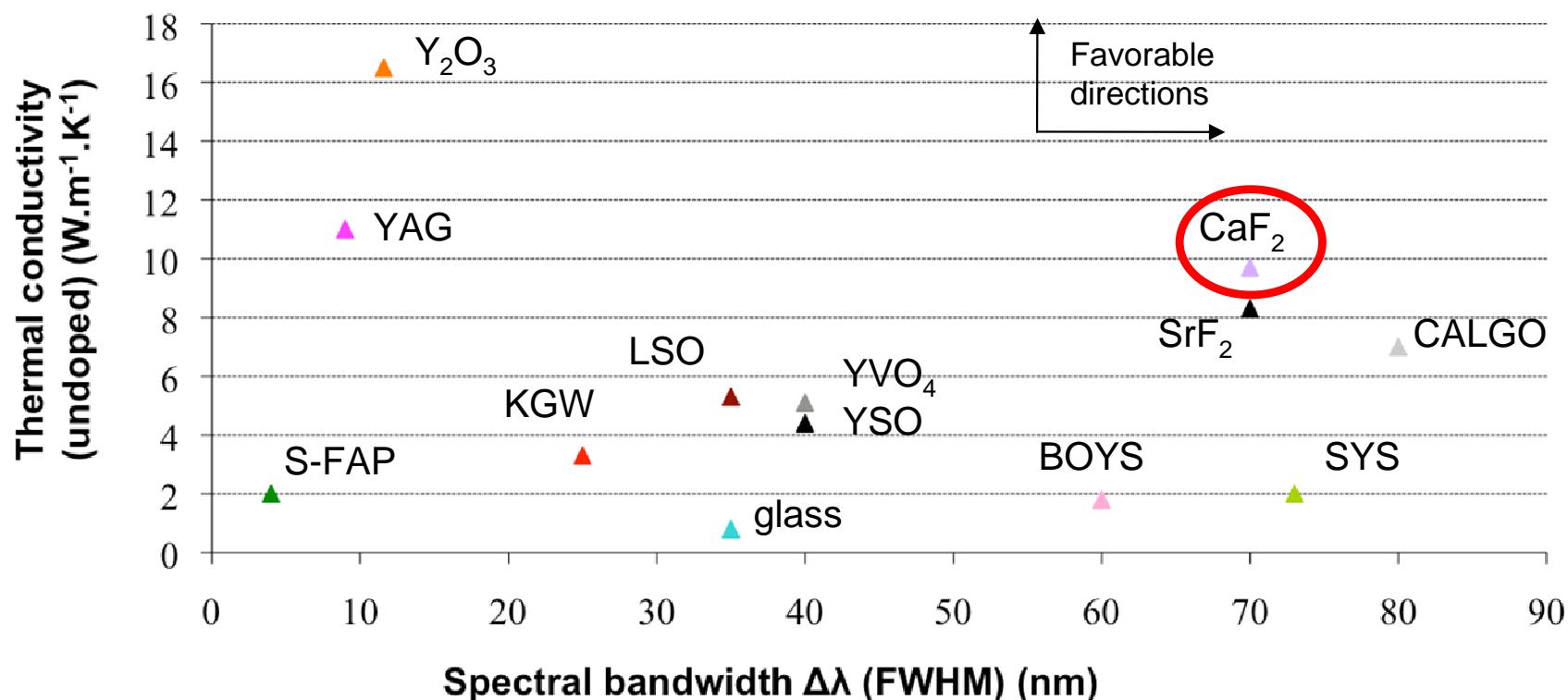
Hexameric cluster

V. Petit et al (Appl. Phys. B, 2004)



- Diode pumping
- Tunability / ultrashort pulses
- Long emission lifetime (2.4 ms)

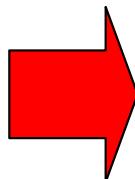
	Undoped crystal	$\sim 2.7\%-Yb$ -doped crystal
Thermal conductivity ($W.m^{-1}.K^{-1}$)	9.7	6
Thermo-optic coefficient ($10^{-6} K^{-1}$)	- 17.8	- 11.3



- Long fluorescence lifetime (2.4 ms) → Energetic pulses (*)
- High quality crystal with large diameter

- Smooth optical bands
- Relatively large cross sections → Femtosecond pulses (**)
- Cryo-cooled perspective

- High thermal conductivity
- High quality crystal with very → High average power pulses (***)
- Low parasitic nonradiative effect



- Yb:CaF₂ based HEC-DPSSL broadband CPA pump for the ILE front end OPCPA system
- Diode-pumped regenerative amplifier

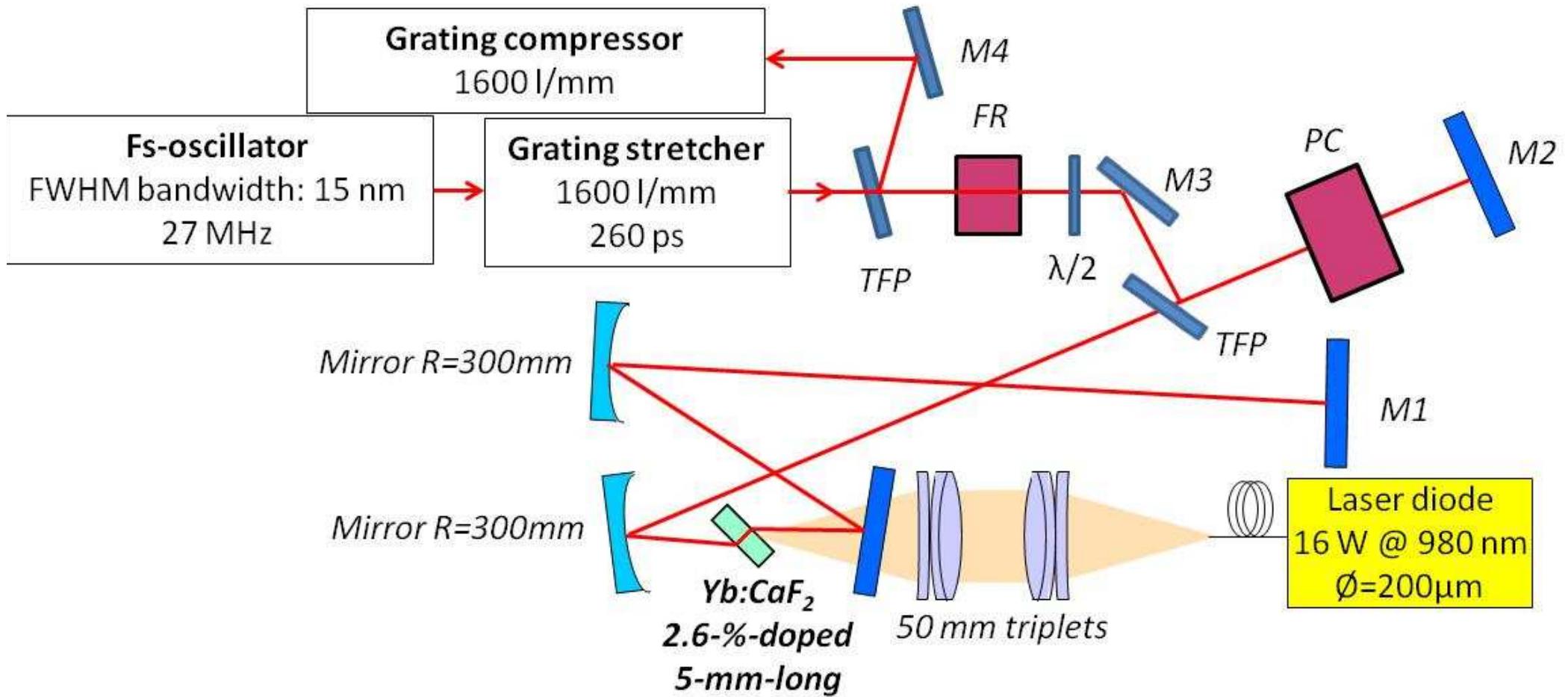
*M.Siebold et al "Terawatt diode-pumped Yb:CaF₂ laser", Opt. Letters **33**(23), 2770–2772 (2008)

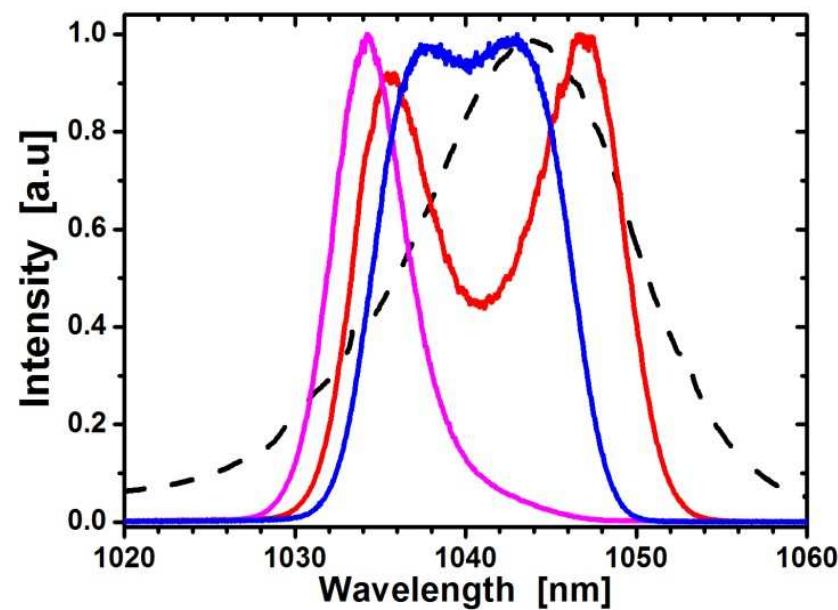
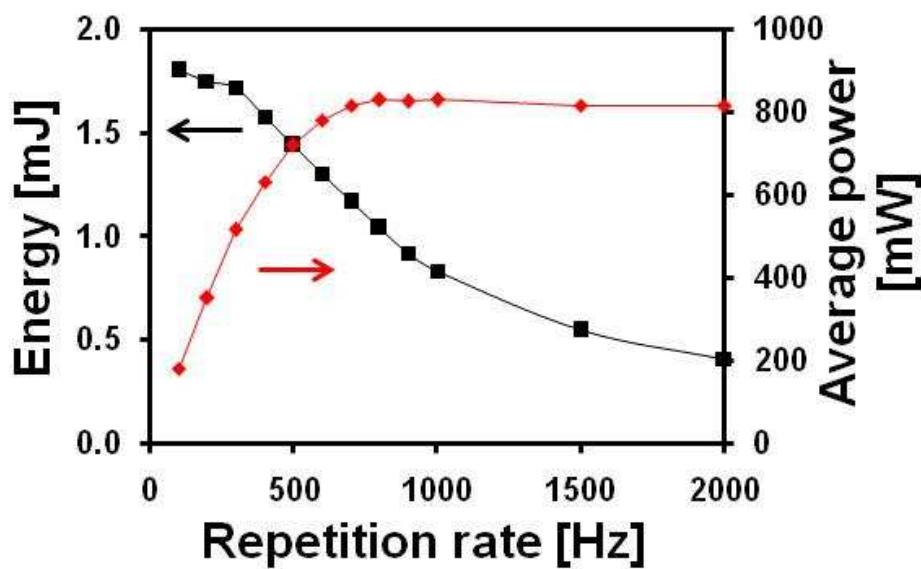
F. Friebel et al "Diode-pumped 99 fs Yb:CaF₂ oscillator", Opt. Letters **34(9), 1474–1476 (2009)

***J. Boudeile et al "Thermal behaviour of ytterbium-doped fluorite crystals under high power pumping", Opt. Express **16**, 10098-10109 (2008)

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Diode-pumped CPA laser chain



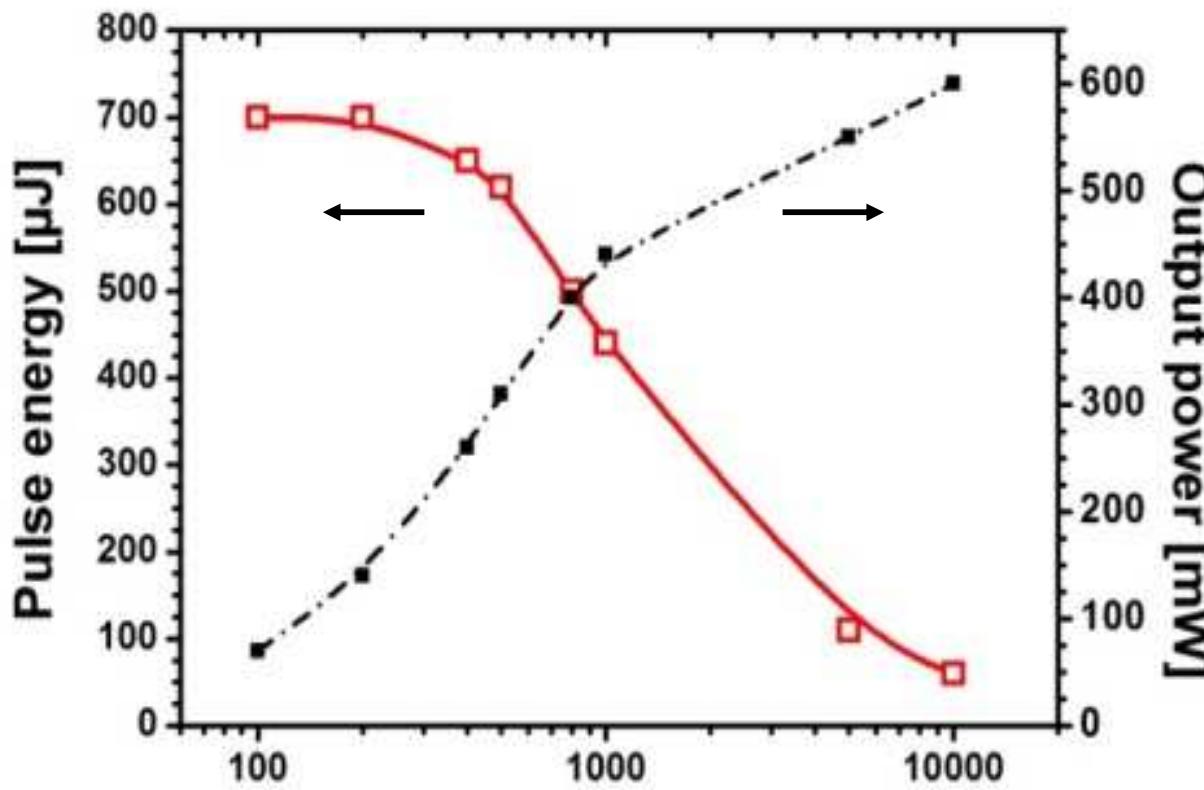


Normalized
output pulse
spectrum at
500 Hz

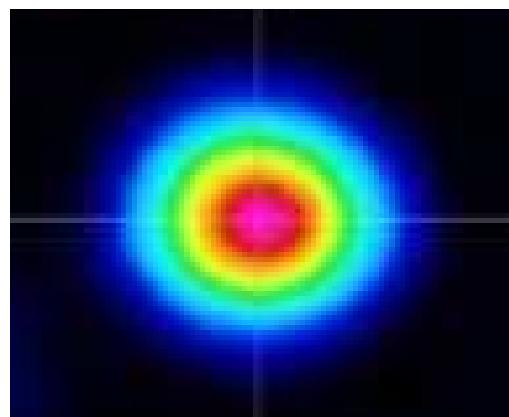
In Q-switch regime :

- maximal output energy 1.8 mJ at 100 Hz
- maximal average power : 850 mW above 800 Hz
- maximal spectral bandwidth : 16 nm centered at 1040 nm at 500 Hz

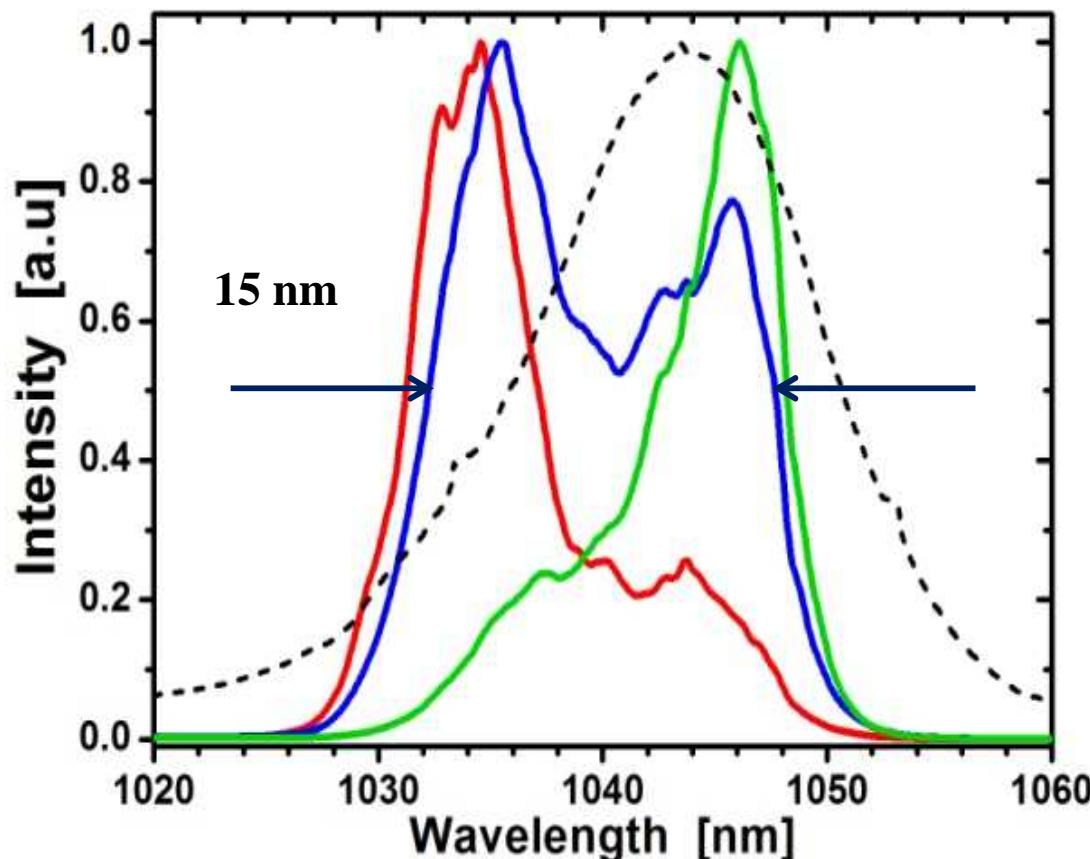
- Optimal repetition rate energy/power : 500 Hz (fluo lifetime 2.4 ms)
- Optimization of the injection spectrum : **broadband oscillator centered around 1043 nm (Yb:GALGO)**



- Maximum energy plateau up to 300 Hz : **1.6 mJ / 700 μJ**
(uncompressed / compressed)
- Higher repetition rate : 10 kHz
1.4W / 0.6W
(uncompressed / compressed)



Beam profile :
Gaussian shape with $M^2 < 1.1$



Spectral shaping depending on repetition rate and extraction time

→ Low Δn , maximal gain ~ 1045 nm
High Δn , maximal gain ~ 1035 nm

500 Hz repetition rate for different time of extraction:

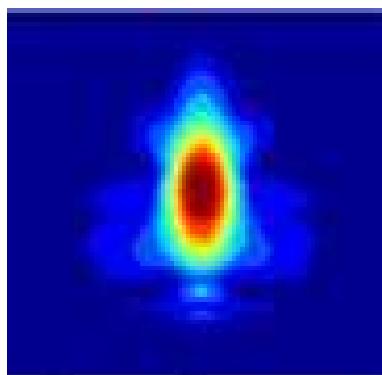
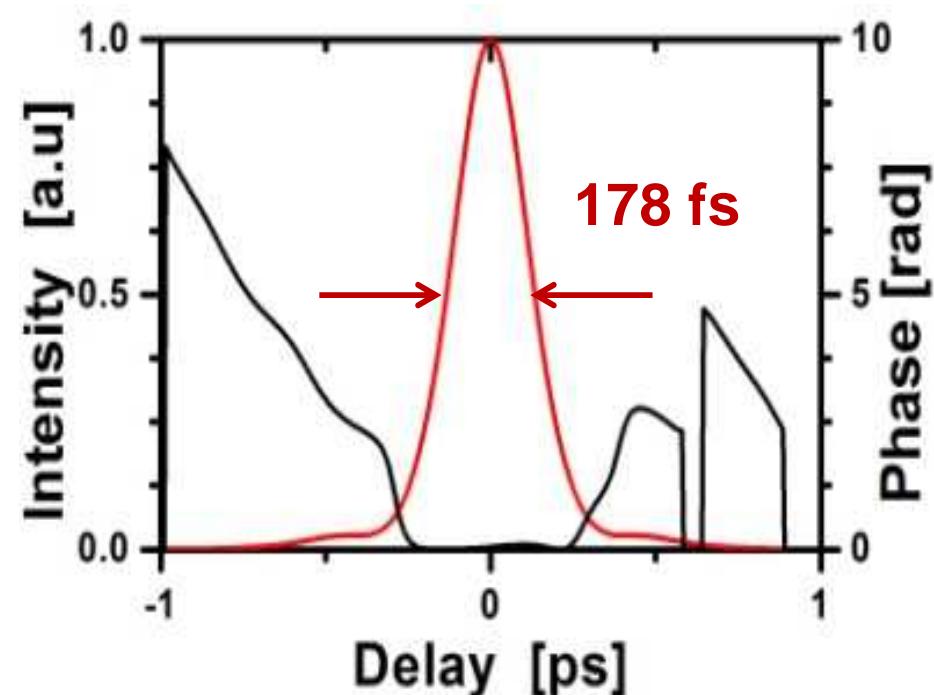
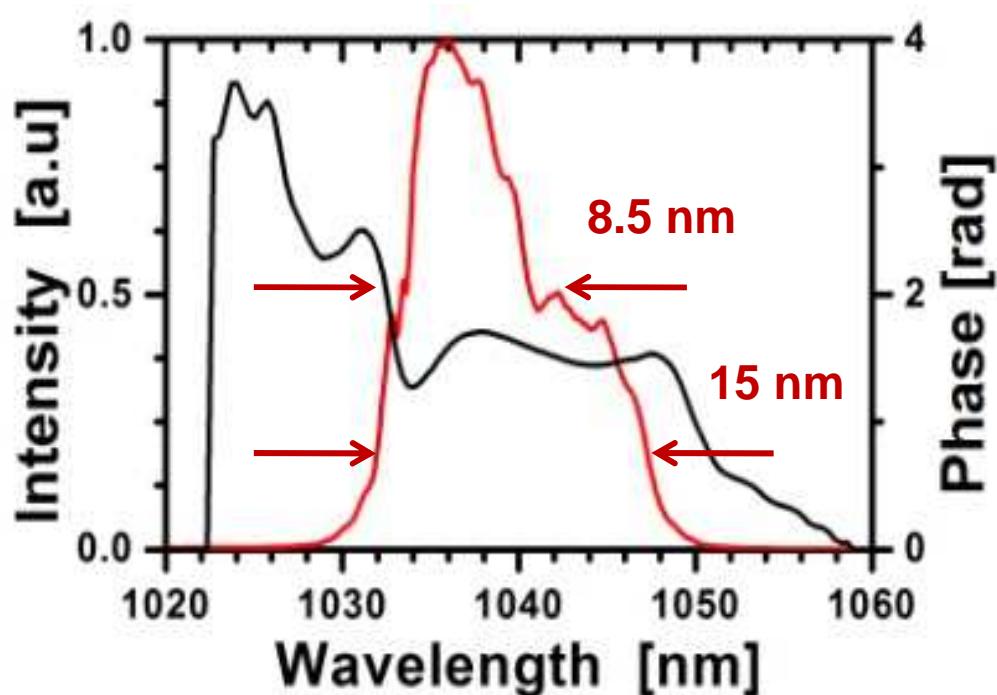
1.35 μ s, 300 μ J (red curve)

1.7 μ s, 620 μ J (blue curve)

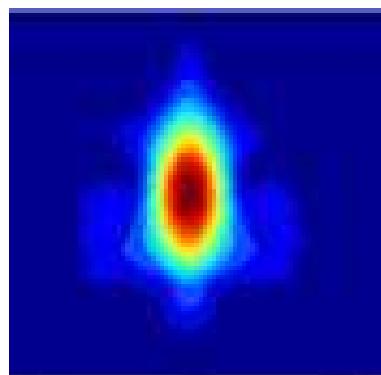
2.2 μ s, 580 μ J (green curve)

Short dash curve : oscillator spectrum

Spectral bandwidth up to 15 nm (below 1 kHz)

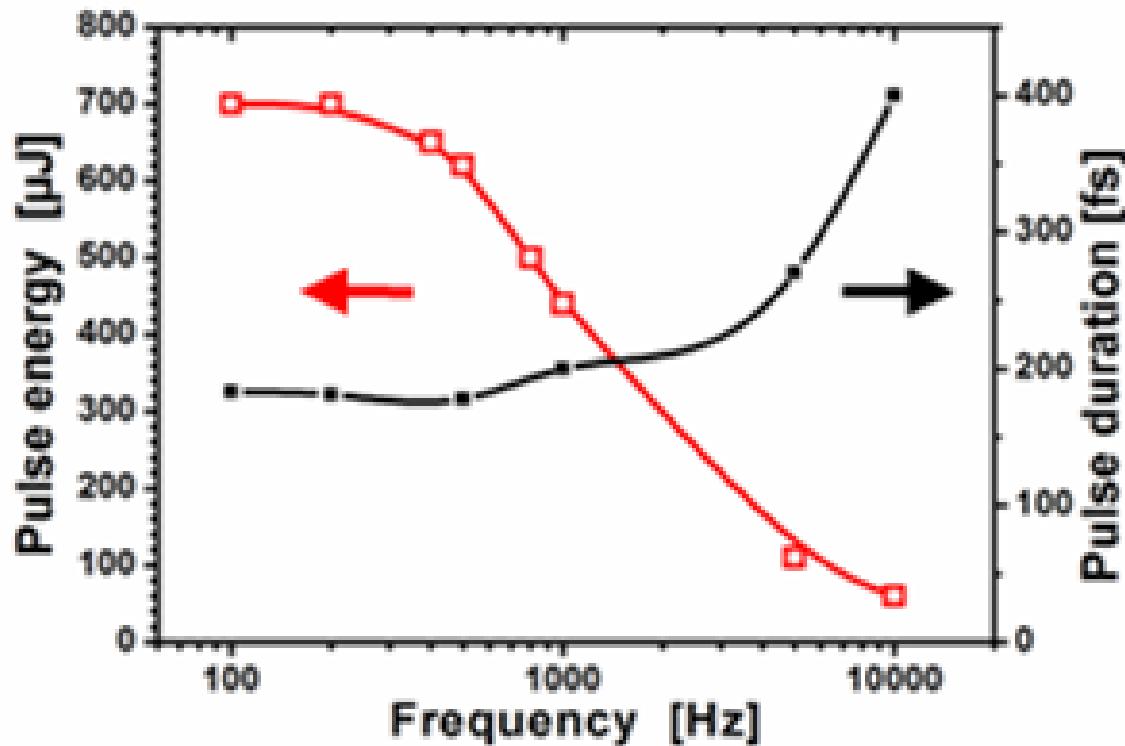


Measured



Retrieved

- At 500 Hz repetition rate :
- pulse duration : **178 fs**
- >90% temp. Strehl ratio
- >95% main peak
- pulse energy : **1.4 mJ before compression**
620 µJ after compression
- optical-to-optical efficiency : **4.5 %**



- Up to 1 kHz : pulse duration below 200 fs
- 10 kHz : 400 fs, narrower spectrum shifted at 1045 nm

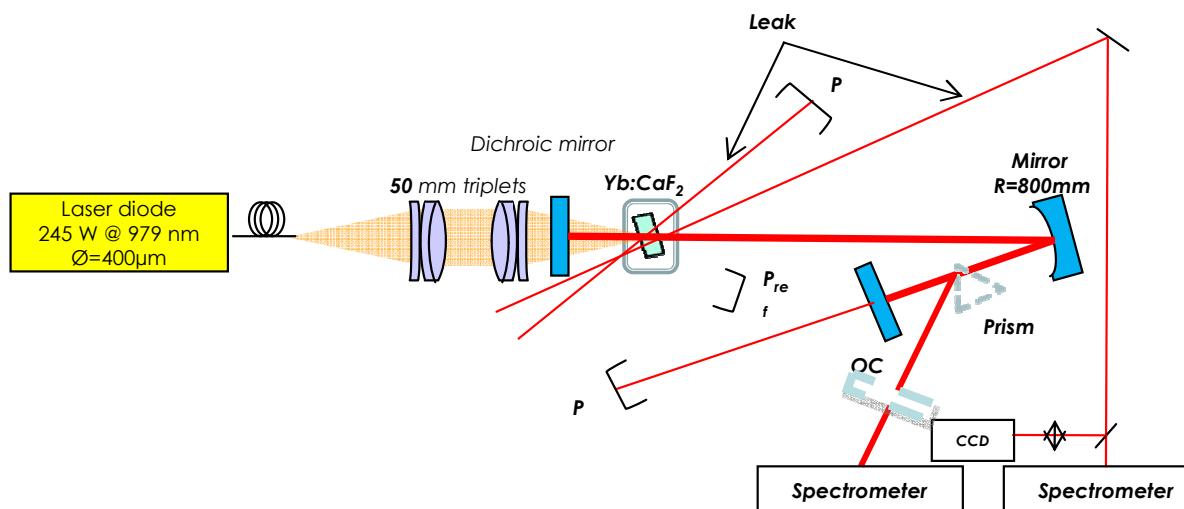
S. RICAUD et al
«Short pulse and high repetition rate diode-pumped Yb:CaF₂ regenerative amplifier»
Optics Letters, Vol. 35, Issue 14, pp. 2415-2417 (July 2010)

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- Diode-pumped room-temperature regenerative Yb:CaF₂ amplifier operating at low and high repetition rate.
- Short pulses up to 1 kHz repetition rate (178 fs at 500 Hz).
- Maximum extracted energy : 1.6 mJ / 0.7 mJ (before / after compression).
- Highest average power : 1.4 W / 0.6 W (before / after compression).
- Optical to optical efficiency ranging from 5 to 10%.

**...Potential for sub-100 fs pulses with spectral shaping
and high order phase control**
**...cryo-cooled setup (oscillator), multipass booster
(200mJ/100Hz)**

Thank you !!!



**Experimental small signal gain: max 3.1
Population Inversion $\beta=0.42$.**

